

Ripken Foundation STEM Center

Curriculum Guidebook



INTRODUCTION

ABOUT THE CAL RIPKEN, SR. FOUNDATION

During his 37-year career with the Baltimore Orioles organization, Cal Ripken, Sr. taught the basics of the game and life to players big and small. After he passed away, his sons Cal and Bill recognized that not every child is lucky enough to have such a great mentor and role model. In this spirit, the Ripken family started the Cal Ripken, Sr. Foundation, a national 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization, in 2001.

By teaching kids how to make positive choices no matter what life throws at them, the Cal Ripken, Sr. Foundation strives to help underserved youth fulfill their promise and become healthy, self-sufficient, and successful adults.

ABOUT THE CAL RIPKEN, SR. FOUNDATION STEM PROGRAM

The Cal Ripken, Sr. Foundation provides programs, resources, training, and support to community-based youth organizations across the country that directly impact the lives of underserved kids. When it comes to the fields of Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math (otherwise known as STEM), we have created a program that makes STEM activities and learning easy for mentors at community-based youth organizations to implement.

We have developed Ripken Foundation STEM Centers to facilitate STEM learning with youth partners nationwide. Each Ripken Foundation STEM Center is equipped with this STEM curriculum guidebook paired with STEM Center products and activity kits which provide a comprehensive, experiential learning environment for kids. The activities in the guidebook are designed to offer mentors many ways to teach critical thinking and problem-solving skills, all while having fun.



GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF THE CAL RIPKEN, SR. FOUNDATION

Cal Ripken, Sr. was a player, coach, and manager in the Baltimore Orioles organization for nearly four decades. He developed great players and, more importantly, great people through his style of coaching which we use as our guiding principles at the Foundation. No matter what you are teaching, you can use these four key ideas as your guide:

Keep It Simple

Lessons on the field and in life are best learned when presented in a simple manner. Teach the basics and keep standards high.

Explain Why

By helping kids understand the connections between everyday decisions and real-life outcomes, we can help them make smarter choices for brighter futures.

Celebrate The Individual

When kids are encouraged to be themselves, respected for their opinion, and are encouraged to share it, they are more likely to have a higher self-esteem and feelings of self-worth.

Make It Fun

If kids aren't paying attention or participating, how much are they learning? Whether it's using a game to teach a concept or motivating kids with a little friendly competition, keeping kids engaged is essential.

Want to hear Bill Ripken explain the guiding principles of the Foundation?

Go to http://www.RipkenFoundation.org and sign up for a free account today!

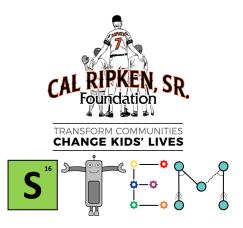


KEEPING KIDS ENGAGED

Here are some tips to help you structure activities that keep kids engaged, excited, and coming back:

- Have a plan
- Keep activities structured
- Provide feedback
- Encourage, encourage, encourage
- Allow kids opportunities to collaborate and learn from each other
- Set achievable goals
- Let kids be silly they're kids!
- Use short time increments and reminders
- Rotate activities frequently
- Let kids have input in the activities they like best
- Stay consistent and create routine
- Affirm kids when they do well





Ripken Foundation At-Home STEM Kits

Sphero BOLT



Congratulations on your new Sphero BOLT!

The BOLT is an app-enabled robot that you can program to do some pretty cool things, like navigate a maze, act as a timer, or even play games! You can use a phone, tablet, or computer to interact with the BOLT. Download the Sphero Edu app and pair it with your BOLT to access its ready-to-use activities. There are additional resources available from Sphero on their website and social media platforms.

https://sphero.com/

https://sphero.com/pages/activities

Facebook: GoSphero • Twitter: @Sphero, @SpheroEDU • Instagram: @Sphero

Additional activities and resources are available at:

http://www.RipkenFoundation.org/Ripken-STEM-Kits

EDUCATIONAL PRINCIPLES BEHIND STEM EDUCATION



EDUCATIONAL PRINCIPLES BEHIND STEM EDUCATION

Ripken Foundation STEM Centers allow kids to learn and explore their curiosities without the confines of standardized lesson plans and testing. This curriculum guidebook is designed to give you background on the supplies we have provided, along with a set of lessons to enrich your mentoring program.

To help you curate a successful STEM program, we have provided a selection of tools that will strengthen your skills as a STEM mentor. Having these tools in your back pocket will enrich your understanding of the best practices which will enable you to teach important principles while having fun! Remember, some of these tools youth have already encountered in the classroom, so using them in afterschool mentoring programs will reinforce the skills and instill the confidence kids need to excel in STEM subjects, leading to careers in related fields.

HANDS-ON LEARNING

Hands-on learning is a key component of the Ripken Foundation STEM Centers. By having kids actively participating in a hands-on learning experience, you foster skills of inquiry, self-discovery, and problem solving, all while learning science, technology, engineering, and mathematics concepts.

The Experiential Learning Model shows how learning occurs with hands-on experiences. This model, based on the work of D.A. Kolb (1984), works on three basic principles: Do, Reflect, Apply.

Do:

Instruct the kids to conduct an activity. Kids are directly involved in the process by conducting experiments, designing solutions, and testing out ways to answer questions.

Reflect:

Ask questions to help the kids process the experience they just had. The questions offer a chance to delve deeper into the activity and understand concepts they can take away from the experience.

Apply:

Discuss other ways they can use the skills learned with other activities and experiences. The skills developed with one activity transfer to many different applications.

For example - you want your kids to build a garden. They learn how to sow seeds and care for plants, but they also learn how to plan ahead and use resources wisely. These skills developed in the garden will apply on their next project building birdhouses and beyond.

Do

Apply

Reflect

INQUIRY-BASED LEARNING

The Inquiry-based learning process allows kids to learn and grow in a supportive environment that gives them the opportunity to explore their curiosities through facilitated activities that incorporate "free play." Lessons usually begin with an introduction of concepts providing the educational background for activities. You can provide parameters and limitations such as time, budget, limited supplies, real world applications, etc. to give a context for the activities they are about to complete. After providing constructs, task kids with an open-ended challenge that allows them to explore and learn as needed within the constructs. Inquiry-based learning provides some structure for the kids on the front end, while allowing for the kids to arrive at a solution on their own or as a group.

For example - you task the kids with building the tallest tower they can in 10 minutes using only a limited number of index cards and straws. You provided the time and materials constraints, as well as gave them a goal, but left the design, use of materials, and actual construction up to the kids.

ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS

The Engineering Design Process (EDP) is a tool to assist with facilitation of problem solving. Children are presented with a scenario or problem, and they follow the steps of the engineering design process to imagine, create, and improve upon a solution to the issue at hand.

To help put this in context of classroom facilitation, we have created an example problem: Ellie and Henry are trying to grow three tomato plants. All three plants need to get water at the same time, but they only have one watering can. The six steps to the Engineering Design Process are as follows:

Ask:

Define the problem to address.

Scenario: We need to water three plants with one watering can.

Imagine:

Conceptualize and brainstorm ideas of possible solutions.

Scenario: How can we have the water come from one can but go three different places?

Plan:

Draw out sketches to visualize ideas including notes for assembly and constructing a model.

Scenario: Henry sketched out a picture of possible contraptions to add to the watering can. Ellie then built a working model based off Henry's drawing.

Test:

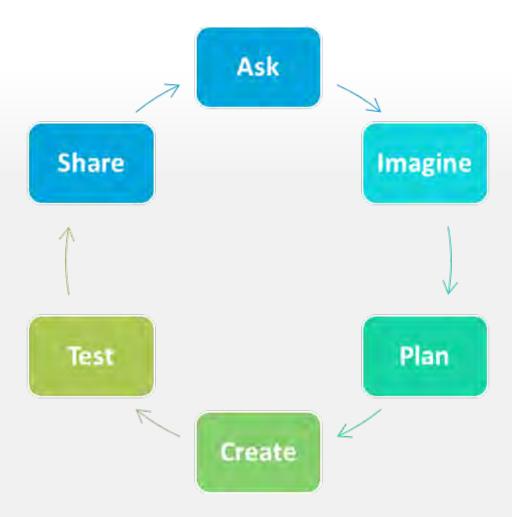
Conduct testing to determine if the plan meets the needs and solves the problem. Testing can identify improvements that need to be made and kids can go through the EDP until they are happy with a solution.

Scenario: Henry and Ellie tested their design to see if it worked. It didn't work, so they looked at the drawing and modified their model until it did what they wanted!

Share:

Engineering is a collaborative process. Kids can work in groups to create plans together, or they can offer feedback at the end.

Scenario: Ellie and Henry shared their design with their classmates, so everyone could use it and got feedback on how to make it better.



SCIENTIFIC METHOD

The Scientific Method is a process used to conduct science experiments through a logical process of problem solving and observation to help answer a question. The questions can be as simple or as complicated as you would like. Some experiments solve problems while others simply exist to satisfy a curiosity. The scientific method helps us with these questions through a step-by-step process to gather facts and arrive at an answer.

To help explain, we will follow up with Ellie and Henry's plants. They water them every day, but their plants are wilting and not growing. Ellie wants Henry's help to figure out why their plants are not growing.

Purpose

- State the problem or what you want to discover.
 - What is the question the experiment will address?
- The plants are wilting even though Ellie and Henry water them every day, why is this happening?

Research

- Make observations about an issue or situation.
 - What is already known? What are you observing?
- . What potential causes of the problem can you rule out?
- Ellie thought, "My plants get water and sunshine, but what if I am watering them too much?"

Hypothesis

- Predict the outcome to the problem in a testable statement.
 - Create a statement that predicts the solution usually written as an "if...then" statement.
 - Use the research and observations to make an educated guess as to what will happen.
 - Henry poses "If we only water our plants once a week, then they will grow?"

Experiment

- Develop a procedure to test the hypothesis.
- Define a step-by-step plan to follow to ensure consistency in carrying out the testing.
- Henry and Ellie plan to use their three tomato plants. For one month, they will water one
 every day, one three times a week, and one, once a week. Ellie and Henry observed their
 plants twice a day and measured the height of each plant.

Analys

- · Record the results of the experiment.
 - . Keep track of the testing results and interpret them.
 - At the end of the month, Ellie and Henry saw the plant that was watered every day did not grow, the plant watered three times a week grew one inch but was still somewhat wilted, and the plant watered once a week grew three inches and was standing tall.

Conclusion

- Compare hypothesis to the results of the experiment.
 - . Did the results of the experiment support the hypothesis? Why or why not?
 - Ellie and Henry changed their plans and now only water their plants once per week as the
 experiment supported their hypothesis that watering the plants less than once per day
 would make their plants grow.



These resources listed are websites and products that exist which could assist with facilitation of STEM programming.

CODING AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

Code Academy - learn coding for free

http://www.CodeAcademy.com

Code.org - learn coding and programming with popular characters and games

http://www.Code.org

Scratch Visual, Block-based programming language

http://scratch.MIT.edu

Khan Academy Computer Science Courses

http://www.KhanAcademy.org/CS

CodeCombat.com - game using coding principles, free and paid versions

http://www.CodeCombat.com

Mozilla Thimble - online code editor teaching HTML, CSS, and JavaScript

http://https://thimble.mozilla.org/en-US

Applnventor.org - learn to build Android apps

http://www.AppInventor.org

GameBlox - create and edit games with code

http://gameblox.org

MIT App Inventor

http://appinventor.mit.edu/explore

ROBOTICS

Robotics activities come in all shapes and sizes. Here are a few resources to research if interested in starting a robotics program!

LEGO Mindstorms

SeaPerch

NASA Robotics

http://nasa.gov/audience/foreducators/robotics http://robotics.nasa.gov

Sphero

VEX Robotics

3-D PRINTING

TinkerCAD - online 3D design program. Offers free lessons and design tools

http://www.TinkerCAD.com

Thingverse - website with 3D design files to download and print on your own

http://www.Thingiverse.com

Tinkerine U - online lessons to introduce 3D printing. Has challenges and ideas for kids to design

http://www.u.tinkerine.com

SketchUp - 3D design software, has both a free and paid version

http://www.SketchUp.com

Biological and Earth Sciences

Howard Hughes Medical Institute

· www.hhmi.org/biointeractive

EarthWatch Institute

http://earthwatch.org/Education

Earth Science Activities & Experiments

http://www.Education.com/activity/earth-science

MATH

MathChip - math games and activities

http://www.MathChimp.com

STEMCollaborative.org - math games

http://www.STEMCollaborative.org

Adventures in Math

http://www.scholastic.com/regions

Math Playground - math games and activities

http://www.MathPlayground.com

MathSnacks.com - math games and videos

http://mathsnacks.com/

TECHNOLOGY AND ENGINEERING

Engineering.com - news and articles related to engineering

http://www.Engineering.com

Rube Goldberg Challenges - create elaborate inventions to accomplish a simple task!

http://www.RubeGoldberg.com

Engineering is Elementary - lessons and activities for educators available for purchase

http://www.eie.org

TryEngineering.org - information and lesson plans related to engineering

http://www.TryEngineering.org

TeachEngineering.org - lesson plans and activities that tie into the Next Generation Science Standards

http://www.TeachEngineering.org

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL SCIENCES

PhysicsGames.net - games related to physics

http://www.Physicsgames.net

Science Kids - simple experiments and activities

http://www.ScienceKids.co.nz/physics.html

myPhysicsLab.com - interactive online physics simulations

http://www.MyPhysicsLab.com

Algodoo - free physics simulation software

http://www.algodoo.com

ChemCollective.org - online simulations and experiments related to chemistry

http://www.chemcollective.org/

GENERAL STEM RESOURCES

STEM Works - articles, activities, and information about all things STEM!

http://www.STEM-works.com

New Mexico State University Learning Games Lab- fun and educational games on a variety of topics

http://www.LearningGamesLab.org

4-H National Youth Science Experiment - a new experiment released annually related to various STEM concepts

http://www.4-h.org/NYSD

Magic School Bus - games, activities, and stories on a wide variety of topics

http://www.Scholastic.com/MagicSchoolBus

National Geographic Kid's Website

http://Kids.NationalGeographic.com

IXL.com - quizzes and activities to reinforce concepts and skills across disciplines. A preview is free but full site use requires subscription

http://www.ixl.com

PBS - The Public Broadcasting Service has several pages related to education and learning

- http://www.PBSLearningMedia.org
- http://www.PBSKids.org/DesignSquad
- http://www.PBSKids.org/

BrainPOP - online educational videos and games. Some videos and games are free, but most require a subscripton

- http://www.BrainPOP.com
- http://www.brainpop.com/games/

Makerspace.com - Online community for the Maker movement of invention and creativity. Get and share ideas of what to create and make next!

http://www.MakerSpace.com

SEA Research's STEM Mentoring Program

http://stemmentoringprogram.org/

Common Sense Media – resource with ratings and information on various technology media such as games, cyber safety, and other web resources

https://www.commonsensemedia.org/



You are on the front lines, empowering kids in your community each and every day. You're there through life's challenges, just as Cal Ripken, Sr. was for his kids and his players: teaching them how to make the best of every situation, leading by example, and encouraging them to swing for the fences.

At the Cal Ripken, Sr. Foundation, we see our role as supporting you in this shared mission. This guidebook is just a stepping-stone to start your STEM program! We hope you find ways to expand and keep your program going in perpetuity. Here are some resources to encourage program growth.

ADDITIONAL CAL RIPKEN, SR. FOUNDATION RESOURCES

For more information about the Cal Ripken Sr. Foundation, visit our website at

http://www.ripkenfoundation.org

Follow us on twitter at http://www.twitter.com/CalRipkenSrFdn

Find us on Facebook at http://www.facebook.com/CalRipkenSrFdn

Check out our YouTube Channel at http://www.youtube.com/CalRipkenSrFdn

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to thank all of our sponsors for their support.